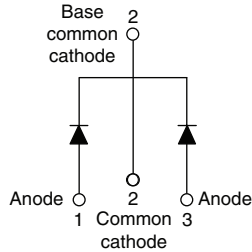


## Schottky Rectifier, 2 x 15 A


**TO-220AB**


### FEATURES

- 175 °C  $T_J$  operation
- Center tap configuration
- Low forward voltage drop
- High frequency operation
- High purity, high temperature epoxy encapsulation for enhanced mechanical strength and moisture resistance
- Guard ring for enhanced ruggedness and long term reliability
- Designed and qualified for industrial level

### DESCRIPTION

The center tap Schottky rectifier series has been optimized for low reverse leakage at high temperature. The proprietary barrier technology allows for reliable operation up to 175 °C junction temperature. Typical applications are in switching power supplies, converters, freewheeling diodes, and reverse battery protection.

### PRODUCT SUMMARY

$I_{F(AV)}$	2 x 15 A
$V_R$	80/100 V

### MAJOR RATINGS AND CHARACTERISTICS

SYMBOL	CHARACTERISTICS	VALUES	UNITS
$I_{F(AV)}$	Rectangular waveform	30	A
$V_{RRM}$		80/100	V
$I_{FSM}$	$t_p = 5 \mu s$ sine	850	A
$V_F$	15 Apk, $T_J = 125^\circ C$ (per leg)	0.67	V
$T_J$	Range	- 55 to 175	°C

### VOLTAGE RATINGS

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	30CTQ080	30CTQ100	UNITS
Maximum DC reverse voltage	$V_R$	80	100	V
Maximum working peak reverse voltage	$V_{RWM}$			

### ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	VALUES	UNITS
Maximum average forward current See fig. 5	$I_{F(AV)}$	50 % duty cycle at $T_C = 129^\circ C$ , rectangular waveform	30	A
			15	
Maximum peak one cycle non-repetitive surge current per leg See fig. 7	$I_{FSM}$	5 $\mu s$ sine or 3 $\mu s$ rect. pulse	850	A
		10 ms sine or 6 ms rect. pulse	275	
Non-repetitive avalanche energy per leg	$E_{AS}$	$T_J = 25^\circ C$ , $I_{AS} = 0.50$ A, $L = 60$ mH	7.50	mJ
Repetitive avalanche current per leg	$I_{AR}$	Current decaying linearly to zero in 1 $\mu s$ Frequency limited by $T_J$ maximum $V_A = 1.5 \times V_R$ typical	0.50	A



ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS					
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS		VALUES	UNITS
Maximum forward voltage drop per leg See fig. 1	$V_{FM}^{(1)}$	15 A	$T_J = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	0.86	V
		30 A		1.05	
		15 A	$T_J = 125\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	0.67	
		30 A		0.82	
Maximum reverse leakage current per leg See fig. 2	$I_{RM}^{(1)}$	$T_J = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	$V_R = \text{Rated } V_R$	0.55	mA
		$T_J = 125\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$		7.0	
Maximum junction capacitance per leg	$C_T$	$V_R = 5 V_{DC}$ (test signal range 100 kHz to 1 MHz) $25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$		500	pF
Typical series inductance per leg	$L_S$	Measured lead to lead 5 mm from package body		8.0	nH
Maximum voltage rate of change	dV/dt	Rated $V_R$		10 000	V/ $\mu\text{s}$

**Note**

(1) Pulse width < 300  $\mu\text{s}$ , duty cycle < 2 %

THERMAL - MECHANICAL SPECIFICATIONS					
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS		VALUES	UNITS
Maximum junction and storage temperature range	$T_J, T_{Stg}$			- 55 to 175	$^\circ\text{C}$
Maximum thermal resistance, junction to case per leg	$R_{thJC}$	DC operation		3.25	$^\circ\text{C/W}$
Maximum thermal resistance, junction to case per package				1.63	
Typical thermal resistance, case to heatsink	$R_{thCS}$	Mounting surface, smooth and greased		0.50	
Approximate weight				2	g
				0.07	oz.
Mounting torque	minimum			6 (5)	kgf · cm
	maximum			12 (10)	(lbf · in)
Marking device		Case style TO-220AB		30CTQ080	
				30CTQ100	

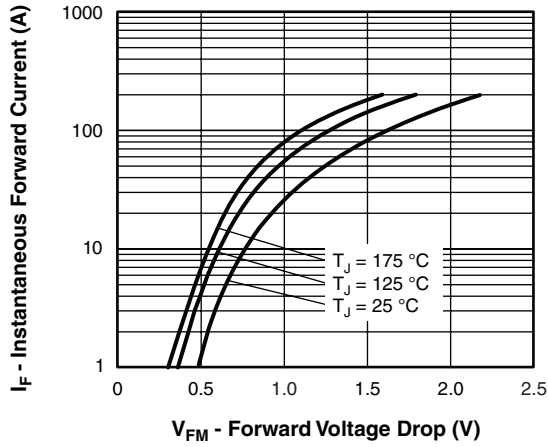


Fig. 1 - Maximum Forward Voltage Drop Characteristics (Per Leg)

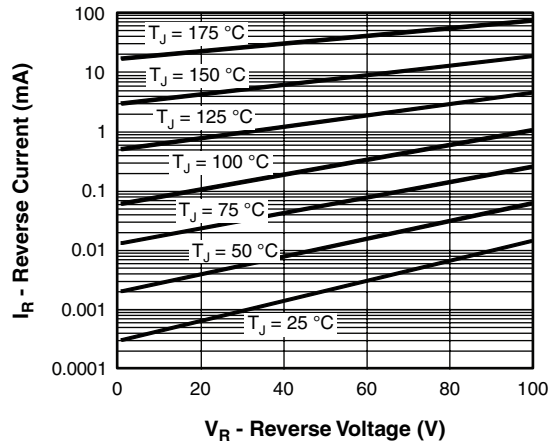


Fig. 2 - Typical Values of Reverse Current vs. Reverse Voltage (Per Leg)

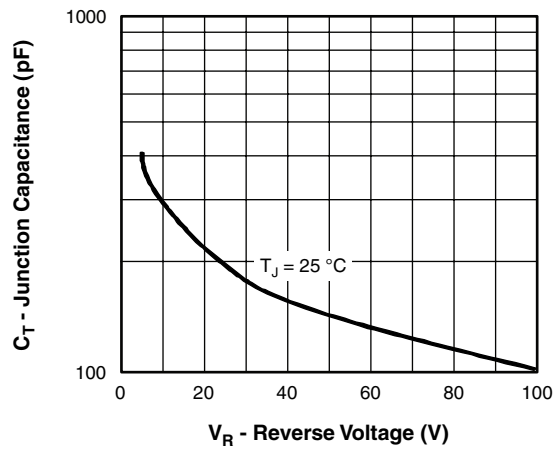


Fig. 3 - Typical Junction Capacitance vs. Reverse Voltage (Per Leg)

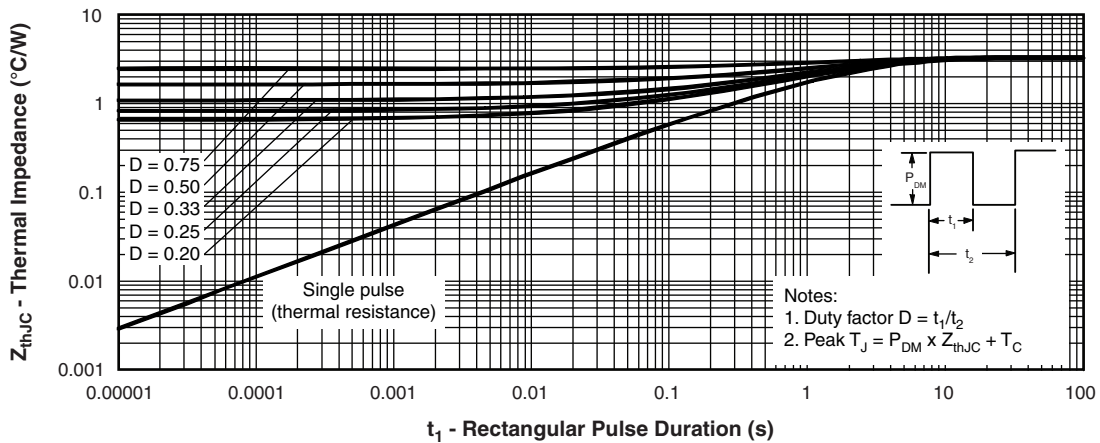


Fig. 4 - Maximum Thermal Impedance  $Z_{thJC}$  Characteristics (Per Leg)

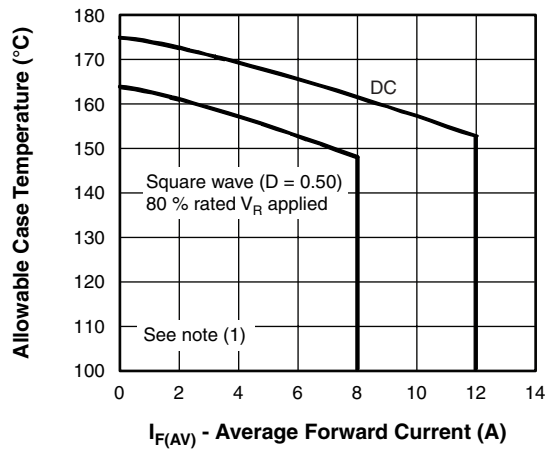


Fig. 5 - Maximum Allowable Case Temperature vs. Average Forward Current (Per Leg)

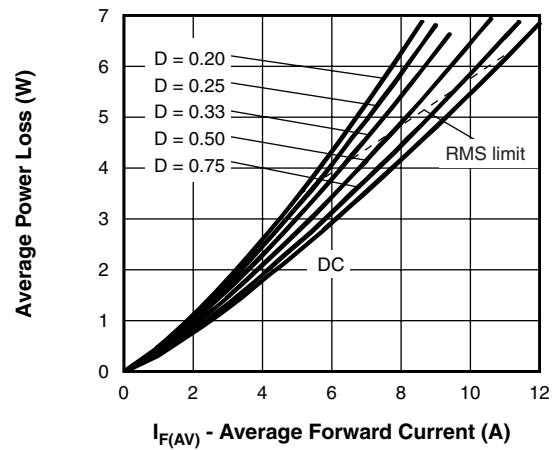


Fig. 6 - Forward Power Loss Characteristics (Per Leg)

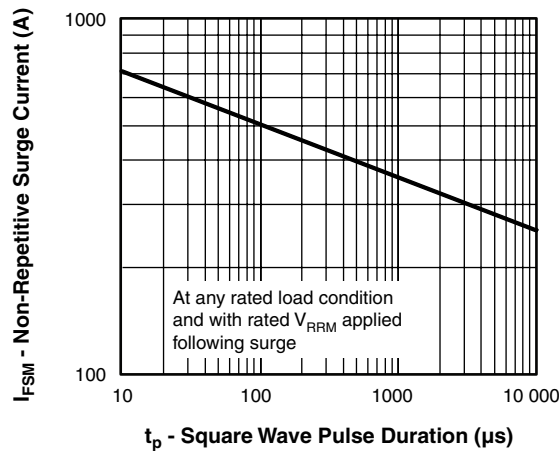


Fig. 7 - Maximum Non-Repetitive Surge Current (Per Leg)



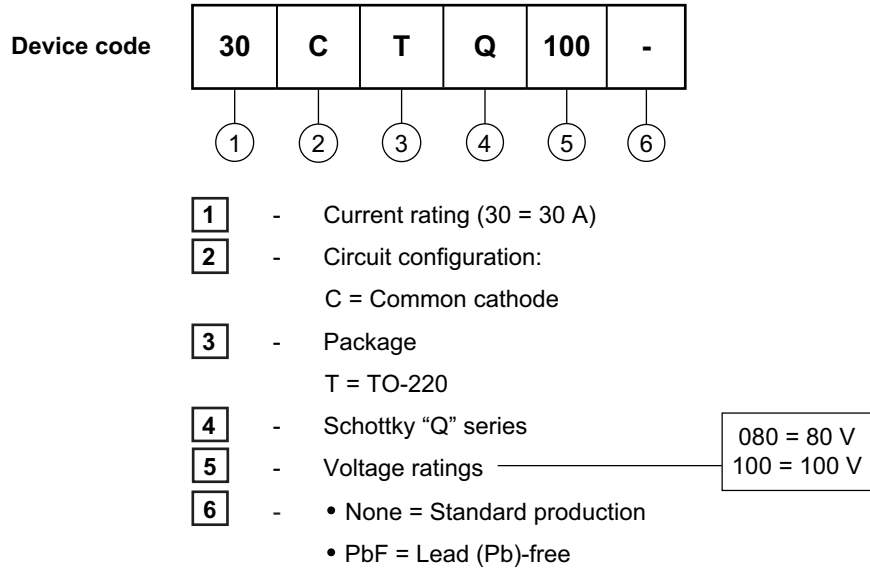
Fig. 8 - Unclamped Inductive Test Circuit

**Note**

- (1) Formula used:  $T_C = T_J - (P_d + P_{d_{REV}}) \times R_{thJC}$ ;
- $P_d$  = Forward power loss =  $I_{F(AV)} \times V_{FM}$  at  $(I_{F(AV)}/D)$  (see fig. 6);
- $P_{d_{REV}}$  = Inverse power loss =  $V_{R1} \times I_R (1 - D)$ ;  $I_R$  at  $V_{R1} = 10 V$



### ORDERING INFORMATION TABLE



Tube standard pack quantity: 50 pieces

LINKS TO RELATED DOCUMENTS	
Dimensions	<a href="http://www.vishay.com/doc?95222">http://www.vishay.com/doc?95222</a>
Part marking information	<a href="http://www.vishay.com/doc?95225">http://www.vishay.com/doc?95225</a>



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